

003995 - SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

Revision nr.1 Dated 24/11/2010 Printed on 03/07/2011 Page n. 1 / 6

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 003995

Product name SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use pharmaceutical excipient

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name ACEF S.p.A.
Full address Via Umbria. 8/14

District and Country 29017 Fiorenzuola d'Arda PC

Italia
Tel. 0523/241911
Fax 0523/241968

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet sicurezza@acef.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Centro Antiveleni Milano Niguarda - Tel.02/66101029

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and/or EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulationn 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet

2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments

Hazard classification and indication: Eye Irrit. 2 H319

2.1.2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments

Danger Symbols: Xi R phrases: 36

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Pictograms:



Warning: Warning

Hazard indication:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

ΕN



ACEF S.p.A.

003995 - SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

Revision nr.1 Dated 24/11/2010 Printed on 03/07/2011 Page n. 2 / 6

Caution recommendations:

P232 Protect from moisture.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P305+P351+P338

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Label EC: 207-838-8

2.3. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Contains:

Identification Conc.% Classification 67/548/EEC Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

SODIUM CARBONATE

CAS 497-19-8 100 Xi R36 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

EC 207-838-8 INDEX 011-005-00-2

Xi= IRRITANT

3.2. Mixtures

Information not relevant

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.

SKIN: Wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using them again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If breathing is irregular, seek medical advice.

INGESTION: Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances see chap. 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Follow doctor's orders

5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The extinction equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and nebulised water.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with straps around arms, legs and waist), work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), a depressurised mask with facemask covering the whole of the operator's face or a self-respirator (self-protector) in the event of large quantities of fume.



003995 - SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

Revision nr.1 Dated 24/11/2010 Printed on 03/07/2011 Page n. 3 / 6

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. If there are no contraindications, spray solid products with water to prevent the formation of dust. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, see the other sections of this sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material (sand, vermiculite, diatomeous earth, Kieselguhr, etc.) to soak up leaked product. Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit it in containers for disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Store in closed, labelled containers

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Normal storage conditions without particular incompatibilities

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Information not relevant

Information not available

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category I (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in latex, PVC or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure. EYE PROTECTION

Wear protective airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166).

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear an FFP3 (ref. standard EN 141) type half mask.

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).



003995 - SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

Revision nr.1 Dated 24/11/2010 Printed on 03/07/2011 Page n. 4 / 6

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance powder Colour white Odour odourless Odour threshold Not available 11,1 рΗ °C Melting or freezing point 851 Boiling point Not available Distillation range Not available Flash point Not available **Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Specific gravity 2,530 Kg/l

Solubility Water solubility (20 °C) 215 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Ignition temperature Not available Decomposition temperature Not available Viscosity Not available Reactive Properties Not available

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight 105,99

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular, however the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, vapours potentially dangerous to health may be released.

11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Vapour inhalation may moderately irritate the upper respiratory trait. Contact with skin may cause slight irritation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

SODIUM CARBONATE

LC50 (Inhalation): 2,300 mg/l/2h Rat LD50 (Oral): 4090,000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal): 117,000 mg/kg Mouse



003995 - SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

Revision nr.1 Dated 24/11/2010 Printed on 03/07/2011 Page n. 5 / 6

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Information not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso category None

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

None

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH)

Information not available

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains

16. Other information

Key for the CLP classifications mentioned in sections 2 and 3 of the sheet:

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Causes serious eye irritation.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R36 IRRITATING TO EYES.



003995 - SODIUM CARBONATE ANHYDROUS USP

Revision nr.1 Dated 24/11/2010 Printed on 03/07/2011 Page n. 6 / 6

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
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- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 8. Handling Chemical Safety
- 9. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 10. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 11. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 12. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.