

FOMABROM

BLACK-AND-WHITE PHOTOGRAPHIC PAPER

In general

FOMABROM is an universal black-and-white photographic paper on a baryta paper base. It is manufactured using silver chlorobromide emulsion that gives a neutral-to-medium warm tone to the resulting silver image. The paper features a very rich halftone scale ranging from shining whites to deep blacks. Its high speed makes it possible using large lens diaphragms values even when making big size enlargements; the high development latitude facilitates lengthening the development time up to 4 minutes, simultaneously giving more contrast, maintaining D_{min} and raising speed for up to 40 %.

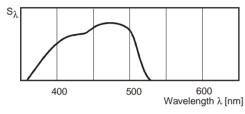
FOMABROM is manufactured on a double-weight baryta paper base in a glossy and matt surface and in four contrast grades: soft (S), special (Sp), normal (N) and hard (C).

The speed of all contrast grades is identical, enabling change in contrast grade without difficulties.

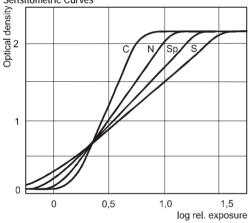
Packaging

 ${\rm FOMABROM}$ is manufactured and supplied in all usual sizes and in rolls up to the width of 108 cm.

Relative spectral sensitivity



Sensitometric Curves



The above shown curves are valid for the glossy surface. Any other surface, namely the matt one, causes a decrease in the maximum density value. According to the ISO standard, the following sensitometric values correspond to the individual contrast grades:

Contrast Grade	ISO Speed R	ISO Speed P	D _{max}
Soft	120	400	2,1
Special	100	400	2,1
Normal	80	400	2,1
hard	60	400	2,1

Safelighting

FOMABROM should be handled and processed under yellow-brown, red or orange safelighting with filters (for instance Ilford 902, Osram Duka 50, Durst Sanat, Kodak OC, Agfa G7, Agfa Y7J, etc.) in combination with a 15 watt lamp. Direct light must be diffused by inserting a matt glass. Because of its high speed, FOMABROM should not be exposed to this safelighting for longer than 3 minutes and 10 minutes at a distance of 0,5 meter and 1 meter respectively.

Processing

FOMABROM can be processed both manually in trays and automatically in developing machines approved for photographic papers on baryta paper base. Suitable are common neutral-working or contrast-working developers. The resulting image tone is influenced by developers used.

For common work and a neutral image tone, Fomatol LQN or Fomatol P developers are recommended. Using a special Fomatol PW developer, brown-green image tones can be obtained. From developers of foreign manufacturers, developers such as Kodak Polymax or Dektol, Tetenal Variospeed, Ilford PQ Universal or Bromophen, etc. are recommended. For fixing, a common acid fixer (for instance Fomafix P) or Fomafix rapid fixer should be used.

Processing step	Processing bath	Time	Temperature (°C)
Development	Fomatol LQN (1+ 7)	90-120 sec.	20
Stop bath	2 % acetic acid	20-30 sec	20
	or Fomacitro (1+19)	10-20 sec	20
Fixing	Fomafix (1 + 5)	3 min.	20
	Fomafix P	5 min.	20
Washing	running water	30 min.	above 12
		45 min.	below 12

<u>Drying</u>: Glossy surface only - FOMABROM can be glazed in glazing machines, or left to dry naturally at room temperature, or dried by hot air at temperatures up to 85 °C. The matt surface is not suitable for glazing.

Toning

FOMABROM can be toned using a direct toning method (the one-bath one, for instance by Fomatoner Indigo), or an indirect toning method (the two-bath one, for instance by Fomatoner Sepia). For a standard process, the indirect method is recommended. The brown image tone is particularly very popular, being obtained using Fomatoner Sepia set. By changing the temperature of toning bath, a wide scale of shades from light yellow-brown to dark-brown or violet-brown can be obtained.

Temperature (°C)	Image tone	
up to 20	light, yellow-brown	
20 - 30	warm, neutral-brown	
above 30	dark-brown to violet-brown	

A blue tone can be obtained using the Fomatoner Indigo set. The resulting image tone depends on dilution, temperature and toning time.

Storage

FOMABROM should be stored in an intact original packaging in a dry, cold place (temperatures of up to 5–21 °C and relative humidities ranging 40 – 60 %), out of reach of harmful vapours, gases and ionizing radiation.

The product has been produced and marketed in conformity with a quality system according to the international standard EN ISO 9001:2000.

